

MAKING OF INDIAN CONSTITUTION & ITS DEVELOPMENT BASED INDIAN POLITY MCQ PRACTICE QUESTIONS AND ANSWERS PDF WITH EXPLANATION

For All Competitive SSC, Bank, IBPS, UPSC, Railway, IT & Other Govt. Exams

Created By [Careericons](#) Team

Q1. When did Mr. Attlee, Prime Minister of England, announce the transfer of power to the Indians?

- a) June, 1949
 - b) August, 1947
 - c) June, 1948
 - d) February, 1947
-

Q2. The idea of the preamble has been borrowed in the Indian Constitution from the Constitution of

- a) U.S.A
 - b) France
 - c) Italy
 - d) Canada
-

Q3. The members of the Constituent Assembly were:

- a) only representatives of the princely States
 - b) elected directly by people
 - c) nominated by the government
 - d) elected by Provincial Assemblies
-

Q4. The Constituent Assembly of India convened to prepare the Constitution of India appointed a sub-committee headed by Gopinath Bordoloi. Which of the following recommendations was/were made by the committee?

1. Fifth Schedule for the North-East Frontier (Asom) Tribal and Excluded Areas.
2. Constitution of District Councils in all autonomous districts of Asom.
3. Sixth Schedule for the North-East Frontier (Asom) Tribal and Excluded Areas.
4. Demarcation of territories in North-East India.

Select the correct answer using the codes given below

- a) Only 4
- b) 2 and 3
- c) Only 1
- d) 1, 2 and 3

5000+ FREE INDIAN POLITY MCQ QUESTION BANK FOR ALL SSC, UPSC, BANK, RAILWAY EXAMS

[Free Practice MCQs »](#)

[Download More PDF »](#)

[Free Online Quiz »](#)

Q5. Who presided over the inaugural meeting of the Constituent Assembly of India?

- a) Sachidananda Sinha
- b) B. R. Ambedkar
- c) P. Upendra
- d) Dr. Rajendra Prasad

Q6. How many Articles are there in the Indian Constitution ?

- a) 396
- b) 399
- c) 395
- d) 398

Q7. Who was the Chairman of the Drafting Committee of the Constituent Assembly ?

- a) C. Rajagopalachari

- b) Jawaharlal Nehru
 - c) Dr. B. R. Ambedkar
 - d) Dr. Rajendra Prasad
-

Q8. The amendment procedure laid down in the Constitution of India is on the pattern of?

- a) Constitution of UK
 - b) Government of India Act, 1947
 - c) Constitution of South Africa
 - d) Government of India Act, 1935
-

Q9. Which one of the following Acts formally introduced the principles of elections for the first time?

- a) Indian Councils Act, 1909
 - b) Government of India Act, 1919
 - c) Indian Independence Act, 1947
 - d) Government of India Act, 1935
-

Q10. Match the following:

List I	List II
A. Govt. of India Act, 1919	1. Provincial autonomy
B. Govt. of India Act, 1935	2. Separate Electorate
C. Minto-Morley Reforms	3. Dyarchy
D. Cabinet Mission Plan	4. Constituent Assembly

Codes: A B C D

- a) 1 2 3 4
- b) 2 4 3 1
- c) 3 1 2 4
- d) 4 1 3 2

Q11. Indian Constitution came into force on

- a) 26th January, 1950
- b) 6th November, 1948
- c) 15th August, 1947
- d) 26th November, 1948

Q12. The Preamble of the Indian constitution adopted on 26th November 1949 did not include the terms:

- 1. Socialist
- 2. Secular
- 3. Integrity
- 4. Republic

Select the correct answer from the codes given below:

- a) 3 and 4
- b) 1, 2 and 4
- c) 1, 2 and 3
- d) 2, 3 and 4

1000+ FREE MAKING OF INDIAN CONSTITUTION & ITS DEVELOPMENT BASED QUESTIONS AND ANSWERS FOR ALL COMPETITIVE EXAMS

[Free Practice MCQs »](#)

[Download More PDF »](#)

[Free Online Quiz »](#)

Q13. Which of the following is correct regarding the Indian Constitution?

- a) It is original
- b) It is made only on the basis of Government of India Act, 1935
- c) It is a mixture of several Constitutions
- d) It is completely based on British Constitution

Q14. Which of the following is a feature to both the Indian Federation and the American Federation ?

- a) Dual judiciary
 - b) A Federal Supreme Court to interpret the Constitution
 - c) A single citizenship
 - d) Three Lists in the Constitution
-

Q15. The design of the National Flag was adopted by the Constituent Assembly of India in:

- a) July, 1948
 - b) July, 1950
 - c) August, 1947
 - d) July, 1947
-

[Read More making of indian constitution Question and Answers »](#)

Answers to the above questions :

Q1. Answer: (c)

Q2. Answer: (a)

The idea of preamble to the Indian constitution is borrowed from constitution of United States of America.

Q3. Answer: (d)

5000+ INDIAN POLITY MCQ TOPIC WISE MCQ QUESTION BANK WITH SOLVED ANSWERS & FREE PDF

[MAKING OF INDIAN CONSTITUTION & ITS DEVELOPMENT](#)

[UNION GOVERNMENT \[LEGISLATURE & EXECUTIVE\]](#)

STATE GOVERNMENT [LEGISLATURE & EXECUTIVE]

UNION & STATE JUDICIARY OF INDIA

Q4. Answer: (a)

Sub-committee headed by Gopinath Bordoloi was appointed by the constituent Assembly of India to recommend the future pattern of administration of the North Eastern Frontiers Areas.

Q5. Answer: (a)

Q6. Answer: (c)

It is the longest written constitution of any sovereign country in the world, containing 448 articles in 22 parts, 12 schedules and 100 amendments.

Although the last article of the Constitution is Article 395, the total number, as of March 2012 is 448. New articles added through amendments have been inserted in the relevant location in the original constitution. In order not to disturb the original numbering, the new articles are inserted with alpha numeric enumerations.

For example, Article 21A pertaining to Right to Education was inserted by the 86th Amendment Act.

Q7. Answer: (c)

On 29 August, 1947, the Drafting Committee was appointed, with Dr. B. R. Ambedkar as the Chairman along with six other members assisted by a constitutional advisor.

Q8. Answer: (c)

Q9. Answer: (a)

Q10. Answer: (c)

Q11. Answer: (a)

The Constitution of India came into force on 26 January 1950. It was adopted by the Constituent Assembly on 26 November 1949.

Republic Day honours the date on which the Constitution of India came into force on 26 January 1950 replacing the Government of India Act (1935) as the governing document of India.

Q12. Answer: (c)

Three word socialist secular and integrity in the preamble of Indian constitution were added by 42nd amendment Act of 1976

Q13. Answer: (c)

Q14. Answer: (b)

According to the Constitution of India, the role of the Supreme Court is that of a federal court and guardian of the Constitution. The Federal Court of India was a judicial body, established in India in 1937 under the provisions of the Government of India Act 1935, with original, appellate and advisory jurisdiction.

It functioned until 1950 when the Supreme Court of India was established.

Q15. Answer: (d)

On our site **Careerions.com**, You can find all the content you need to prepare for any kind of exam like. **Verbal Reasoning, Non-Verbal Reasoning, Aptitude, English, Computer, History, Polity, Economy, Geography, General Science, General Awareness & So on.** Make use of our expert-

curated content to get an edge over your competition and prepare for your exams effectively.

Practice with our **Free Practice MCQs, Mock Tests Series, Online Quiz** and get an idea of the real exam environment. Keep track of your progress with our detailed performance reports. They are perfect for competitive exam preparation, as well as for brushing up on basic & fundamental knowledge. The questions are updated regularly to keep up with the changing syllabuses.

careericons.com